| Specific Classes/General Content Areas in BSN Curricula CONSIDER ADDING A COURSE OBJECTIVE OR PART OF OBJECTIVE TO ENCOURAGE FACULTY TO INCLUDE IT | Appropriate Environmental Health Content | Teaching Strategies and Resources (ex. readings, questions, assessments, research articles, power points, etc. What might we suggest for strategies) | Related Environmental Health Competencies from Bold objectives below are from ANA (2010) Scope and standards of practice: Nursing. Additional objectives are from The Alliance of Nurses for Healthy Environments (ANHE) (2009). |
|--|---|---|---|
| Fundamentals in Nursing | Avoidance of mechanical, biological, chemical, and radiological hazards: Body mechanics Needle stick prevention Infection: multi drug resistance, nosocomial Equipment cleaning: Chemicals used for cleaning patient care equipment; Material safety data sheets (MSDS) Radiological exposure Medication waste (taught when med administration is taught) Personal care products Battery recycling Waste management Avoid scented products (including air | Identify which personal care products have ingredients that can have human health effects. See Environmental Working Group's <i>Skin Deep</i> site. http://www.cosmeticsdatabase.com/ | Attains knowledge of EH concepts, such as implementation of EH strategies. Promotes a practice environment that reduces environmental health risks of workers and healthcare consumers. Applies knowledge of basic EH concepts to nursing assessment, prevention, and control strategies. Assesses the practice environment for factors such as sound, odor, noise and light that negatively affect health. Reduces environmental health risks in the health care setting (chemical, biological, radiological [and mechanical]) Utilizes scientific evidence to determine if a product or treatment is a potential |

| | fresheners) | | environmental threat. |
|------------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| | Patient assessment | | Advocates for the judicious and appropriate use of products used in health care. |
| | | | Communicates environmental risks and exposure reduction strategies to health care consumers, families, colleagues and communities. |
| | | | Collaborates with others to create and implement strategies that promote health environments. |
| | | | Promotes a healthy environment that respects the diverse values, beliefs, cultures, and circumstances of patients, their families and communities. |
| Health | Define Environmental | Questionnaire | Attains knowledge of EH concepts, such as |
| Assessment | Health risks | I prepare-environmental health | implementation of EH strategies. |
| | Identify assessment: | history ASTDR found in CDC.gov | Promotes a practice environment that |
| | FHP Environmental health | http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/asbest | reduces environmental health risks of workers and healthcare consumers. |
| | exposure history | os/site-kit/docs/IPrepareCard.pdf | workers and nearthcare consumers. |
| | Medical model/Review of | | Applies knowledge of basic EH concepts to |
| | Systems | Conduct an environmental health | nursing assessment, prevention, and control |
| | Stethoscope (cleaning) | history of an adult or fellow student using an interview tool: | strategies |
| | Stethoscope (cleaning) | http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/csem/clust er/docs/exposure form.pdf | Promotes a healthy environment that respects the diverse values, beliefs, cultures, and circumstances of patients, their families and |
| | | | communities. |

2011 Alliance of Nurses for Healthy Environments (ANHE): Environment, Health and BSN Curricula

| | | Conduct an environmental health history with the parent/caregiver of a child using interview questions: http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/csem/pediatric/appendixc.html | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Nutrition (may be a prerequisite to nursing courses in some schools) | Content specific to environmental influences on nutrition: Weather events and food Food/agriculture production Use of pesticides Antibiotics in animals | | Attains knowledge of EH concepts, such as implementation of EH strategies. Applies knowledge of basic EH concepts to nursing assessment, prevention, and control strategies |
| Introduction to Professional Nursing/ Leadership/ Trends (beginning level) | ANA Standards of practice Standard #16 Environment Legal issues with occupational hazards Social political role of nurse | The 2010 ANA Scope and standards of practice: Nursing now includes Environmental Health Standard 16 for all RNs. http://envirn.org/pg/groups/375 5/environmental-health-scope-and-standards-of-practice/ Introduction to occupational health is necessary for health care workers http://www.ewg.org/reports/nursesurvey View Toxtown website for hospital http://toxtown.nlm.nih.gov/flash/city/flash.php | Attains knowledge of EH concepts, such as implementation of EH strategies. Participates in strategies to promote healthy communities. (Here consider workplace and professional communities.) |

| | Ecological model of health Healthy People 2020 | Ecological model of determinants of health includes environmental health: genetic/biological, health behavior, social and physical environment, health care system http://healthypeople.gov/2020/topicsobjectives2020/overview.as px?topicId=12 | |
|-----------|---|---|--|
| | Health disparities | Health disparities exist related to social and physical environment (national and global)See Unnatural Causes videos www.unnaturalcauses.org http://www.unnaturalcauses.org/media and documents video.phpSee Place Matters and Marshell Islands videos If an assignment requires student to use an advocacy piece then use EH examples for some cases, environmental justice | |
| Pathology | Discuss disease and include potential environmental causation Carcinogens and particular diseases Chemical and prostate cancer; common routes of exposure Environmental illness; multiple chemical | | Attains knowledge of environmental health concepts, such as implementation of environmental health strategies. Utilizes scientific evidence to determine if a product or treatment is a potential environmental threat. |

2011 Alliance of Nurses for Healthy Environments (ANHE): Environment, Health and BSN Curricula

| | sensitivity; low dose exposures | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Pharmacology | Distinguish pharmacology and toxicology | | Attains knowledge of environmental health concepts, such as implementation of environmental health strategies. |
| | | | Utilizes scientific evidence to determine if a product or treatment is a potential environmental threat. |
| Research/ Evidence- Based Practice | Evidenced based project based on environmental influences on human health | NINR Research Agenda: (Promoting Health and Preventing Disease; check Areas of Research Emphasis) ANHE Research workgroup | Attains knowledge of environmental health concepts, such as implementation of environmental health strategies. |
| | | EH Practice—then looking at related nursing research (for many areas no nursing research will be found, so there is a gap) Look at evidence Look at controversies and research and debate each side. What is your stand on this based on evidence? Opinion paper. i.e. Climate change How issues are presented by popular media? "An analysis of the evidence" | Utilizes scientific evidence to determine if a product or treatment is a potential environmental threat. Utilizes scientific evidence and is guided by the precautionary principle. |

| Adult Health/ | Risks discussed with each | e.g add EH risks to the course | Attains knowledge of EH concepts, such as |
|------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Medical-surgical | "disease" e.g. MI include at | objective about assessing risks | implementation of EH strategies. |
| Nursing | least one EH risk to any | Address other interdisciplinary | |
| | disease; | team members to address (are | Promotes a practice environment that |
| | | there EH members of the team?) | reduces environmental health risks of |
| | Reinforce EH history done in | | workers and healthcare consumers. |
| | earlier assessment course; | Referrals to discharge planning or | |
| | | social service to consider home | Applies knowledge of basic EH concepts to |
| | Teaching strategies around | environment | nursing assessment, prevention, and control |
| | reducing exposure; | | strategies. |
| | Assess for delirium and | List of vignettes of what others | Assesses the practice environment for |
| | strategies to reduce ICU | have done searchable by EnviRN | factors such as sound, odor, noise and light |
| | delirium in patients due to | | that negatively affect health. |
| | the light, sound and other | See topical, searchable list on | |
| | stimuli | EnviRN of what student's have | Reduces environmental health risks in the |
| | | done to prevent or reduce hazard | health care setting (chemical, biological, |
| | Include other members of | exposure. | radiological [and mechanical]) |
| | the Health Care team to | | |
| | work appropriately for | Add course objective or | Utilizes scientific evidence to determine if |
| | patient in their discipline | incorporate into existing | a product or treatment is a potential |
| | D 1 | objectives | environmental threat. |
| | Preventive education | Chamital and a language | A described Courth of the distance and |
| | Avoid— Tobacco smoke | Chemical name and common | Advocates for the judicious and appropriate use of products used in health |
| | Carbon monoxide | exposures: See EnviRN.org A-Z list | care. |
| | Air pollution: particulate | A-Z list | care. |
| | matter triggers MI, | | Communicates environmental risks and |
| | stroke | | exposure reduction strategies to health |
| | Occupational exposures | | care consumers, families, colleagues and |
| | Housing exposures: | | communities. |
| | remodeling lead, mold | | |
| | Pesticides | | Collaborates with others to create and |
| | Neurotoxins and | | implement strategies that promote health |
| | Parkinson's disease | | environments. |

| | | | Promotes a healthy environment that respects the diverse values, beliefs, cultures, and circumstances of patients, their families and communities. |
|-----------------------------|--|--|---|
| Gerontological Nursing | See Adult Health content Vulnerable population – Age impacts susceptibility to environmental exposures | List of vignettes of what others have done searchable by EnviRN See topical, searchable list on EnviRN of what student's have done to prevent or reduce hazard | Promotes a practice environment that reduces environmental risks of workers and healthcare consumers. Collaborates with others to create and |
| | | exposure. Add course objective or incorporate into existing objectives Chemical name and common exposures: See EnviRN.org A-Z list | implement strategies that promote health environments. Communicates EH risks and exposure reduction strategies to health care consumers, families, colleagues and communities. |
| Child and Family Nursing | Vulnerability of children Home environments Healthy Homes Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Indoor air quality in schools | Complete an ANA independent study module on <i>Children's</i> Environmental Health in Homes and Communities http://nursingworld.org/mods/mod9 61/cehmfullNEW.htm | Collaborates with others to create and implement strategies that promote health environments. Attains knowledge of EH concepts, such as implementation of EH strategies. |
| | Toxic materials in homes and schools: Toxic toys BPA and exposures to PVC, DEHP | Complete an ANA independent study module on <i>Children's</i> Environmental Health in Schools | Promotes a practice environment that reduces environmental health risks of workers and healthcare consumers. Applies knowledge of basic EH concepts to |

Food exposures Formaldehyde in housing and furniture Common EH health issues for children: Asthma triggers Lead poisoning Pesticides and endocrine disruptors Neurological problems/heavy metal exposure ADHD Fluoride Personal care products Cosmetics for adolescents Sustainable living for families

NICU: Avoid PVC plastic and phthalate exposure

Anticipatory guidance to parents/guardians for safe living environments:
Asthma triggers
Preschool lead exposure
Avoiding endocrine
disrupters: pesticides
In food, farms, yards,
sports fields
Fluoride for dental
Personal care products
esp. for teens
Avoid formaldehyde
in furniture

http://nursingworld.org/mods/mod9 21/cesafull.htm

Develop an educational lesson plan using information from one of the following web sites.

Reducing Asthma Triggers: Healthy Homes II Asthma Project

http://www.kingcounty.gov/healt hservices/health/chronic/asthma /past/HH2.aspx

Safety issues:

nursing assessment, prevention, and control strategies.

Assesses the practice environment for factors such as sound, odor, noise and light that negatively affect health.

Reduces environmental health risks in the health care setting (chemical, biological, radiological [and mechanical])

Utilizes scientific evidence to determine if a product or treatment is a potential environmental threat.

Advocates for the judicious and appropriate use of products used in health care.

Communicates environmental risks and exposure reduction strategies to health care consumers, families, colleagues and communities.

Promotes a healthy environment that respects the diverse values, beliefs, cultures, and circumstances of patients, their families and communities.

| | | Designing and Building Healthy Places: http://www.cdc.gov/healthyplace S National Safety Council http://www.nsc.org/Pages/Home aspx | |
|---|--|--|---|
| OB/Women's health/ Neonatal Intensive Care | Fetal Development Fetal Alcohol syndrome Birth defects BPA (Bisphenol A) | Discuss how DES was given in the past and what the results have beenuse as segue to the problem of EDCs | Collaborates with others to create and implement strategies that promote health environments. |
| Nursing | Fish advisory in pregnancy/ heavy metals Nutrition and food | Environmental Working Group | Attains knowledge of EH concepts, such as implementation of EH strategies. |
| | Cord blood studies What was okay is not okay DES (and link to EDC) "Skin deep" personal care | (EWG) video "10 Americans" http://www.youtube.com/watch? v=W5n4HhQr25Q | Promotes a practice environment that reduces environmental health risks of workers and healthcare consumers. |
| | Products; Baby wash Nursery advocacy; products in the nurseries | Conduct a prenatal exposure assessment http://envirn.org/pg/file/read/4389/p renatal-exposure-assessment- | Applies knowledge of basic EH concepts to nursing assessment, prevention, and control strategies. |
| | | questionnaire-from-the- environmental-health-education- center | Assesses the practice environment for factors such as sound, odor, noise and light that negatively affect health. |
| | Do an audit of the products in clinical setting | NICU audit tool http://noharm.org/lib/download/http://noharm.org/lib/download/http://noharm.org/lib/download/http://noharm.org/lib/download/http://noharm.org/lib/download/http://noharm.org/lib/download/ | Reduces environmental health risks in the health care setting (chemical, biological, radiological [and mechanical]) |
| | Military exposures and fertility ETS Smoking | U.pdf Personal care product assessment (See article Russ, K. (2009). A | Utilizes scientific evidence to determine if a product or treatment is a potential environmental threat. |

| | Anticipatory guidance for pre-pregnancy and pregnancy: Avoid Tobacco smoke Carbon monoxide with Cooking Chemicals, especially Endocrine disrupters Alcohol—fetal alcohol Syndrome Over the counter drugs Military exposures Agent Orange (dioxin) Gulf War exposures | review of the evidence: Health effects of personal care products, Nursing for women's health, 13(5), 392-401. http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1751-486X.2009.01457.x/pdf | Advocates for the judicious and appropriate use of products used in health care. Communicates environmental risks and exposure reduction strategies to health care consumers, families, colleagues and communities. Promotes a healthy environment that respects the diverse values, beliefs, cultures, and circumstances of patients, their families and communities. |
|---|---|--|--|
| Psychiatric/Behavi oral/ Mental Health Nursing | Autism/ADHD Polypharmacy/toxic chemicals interaction?what do we know? Chemical triggers for symptoms. Toxic environments in community (e.g. impact of noise upon schizophrenic; PTSD; delirium; Autism; ADHD) Medical co morbidities? fit here? Group home protocolspesticides, at home exposures | Look at emerging evidence related to causative agents (e.g. dyes for ADHD) PTSD and impact of noise, light, sounds For environmental assessment of group home or shelter, use Environmental Health and Safety Assessment tool: http://envirn.org/pg/file/read/4-387/home-environmental-health-amp-safety-assessment-tool Identify one chemical, look it up on the www.toxnet.nlm.nih.gov | Collaborates with others to create and implement strategies that promote health environments. Attains knowledge of EH concepts, such as implementation of EH strategies. Promotes a practice environment that reduces environmental health risks of workers and healthcare consumers. Applies knowledge of basic EH concepts to nursing assessment, prevention, and control strategies. Assesses the practice environment for factors such as sound, odor, noise and light that negatively affect health. Reduces environmental health risks in the |
| | exposures ETS | on the <u>www.toxnet.nlm.nih.gov</u> website and identify how this may | Reduces environmental health risks in the health care setting (chemical, biological, |

| | Alzheimer's & cognitive Deficits and EH ADHD: Avoid foods with artificial coloring (new research) Neurotoxins and organic brain syndrome Mood changes with chemical exposures | pose an added burden to a person with mental illness. Self learning environmental links to ADHD http://www.sph.emory.edu/PEHSU/html/health/adhd.htm | radiological [and mechanical]) Utilizes scientific evidence to determine if a product or treatment is a potential environmental threat. Advocates for the judicious and appropriate use of products used in health care. Communicates environmental risks and exposure reduction strategies to health care consumers, families, colleagues and communities. Promotes a healthy environment that respects the diverse values, beliefs, cultures, and circumstances of patients, their families and communities. |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Community/Public Health Nursing | Home assessments for environmental hazards Integrated pest Management (IPM) Occupational Health Healthy Schools Sustainable air, water, land Climate change and health Disposal of prescription medications | Assess household products for ingredients that can have human health effects after viewing the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Household Products data base. http://householdproducts.nlm.nih.gov/ Integrated Pest Management http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/facts heets/ipm.htm Integrated pest management in schools http://www.epa.gov/opp00001/ipm/ | Participates in strategies to promote healthy communities. Assesses the practice environment for factors such as sound, odor, noise and light that negatively affect health. Incorporates environmental risk factors across the lifespan when assessing individuals, families, and/or communities. Promotes a practice environment that reduces environmental health risks of workers and healthcare consumers. |

| Public health policy: Advocacy campaigns Govt. testimony Climate change on a local community. http://www.noharm.org/global/i ssues/climate/health.php Explore an environmental health policy issue and develop a position. Social Justice Environmental Justice Check the internet to see if your local or state health department has a division of environmental health; describe what it does and what professionals are employed. Conduct a windshield survey of environmental hazards in a community after viewing The National Library of Medicine's ToxTown http://toxtown.nlm.nih.gov/ Complete the Agency for Toxic Communicates EH risks and exposure reduction strategies to health care consumers, families, colleagues and communities. Communicates EH risks and exposure reduction strategies to health care consumers, families, colleagues and communities. Promotes one's right to know about potentially harmful products, chemicals, pollutants and hazards to which people may be exposed. Uses scientific evidence and is guided by the precautionary principle. Advocates for healthy environments that include issues associated with air, water, soil, food/agriculture, the built environment, and chemicals/products. Advocates for environmental justice, including commitment to the health of vulnerable populations and the eliminator of health disparities (AACN 2008, Baccalaureate | | Healthy Schools http://www.epa.gov/iaq/schools/index.html | Applies knowledge of basic EH concepts to nursing assessment, prevention, and control strategies. |
|--|--|---|--|
| Social Justice Environmental Justice Check the internet to see if your local or state health department has a division of environmental health; describe what it does and what professionals are employed. Conduct a windshield survey of environmental hazards in a community after viewing The National Library of Medicine's ToxTown http://toxtown.nlm.nih.gov/ Complete the Agency for Toxic Social Justice Check the internet to see if your local or state health department has a division of environmental health; describe what it does and what professionals are employed. Conduct a windshield survey of environmental hazards in a community after viewing The National Library of Medicine's ToxTown http://toxtown.nlm.nih.gov/ Complete the Agency for Toxic Tox Town Complete the Agency for Toxic Tox | Public health policy: Advocacy campaigns | climate change on a local community. | implement strategies that promote health |
| Social Justice Environmental Justice Check the internet to see if your local or state health department has a division of environmental health; describe what it does and what professionals are employed. Conduct a windshield survey of environmental hazards in a community after viewing The National Library of Medicine's ToxTown http://toxtown.nlm.nih.gov/ Complete the Agency for Toxic Promotes one's right to know about potentially harmful products, chemicals, pollutants and hazards to which people may be exposed. Uses scientific evidence and is guided by the precautionary principle. Advocates for healthy environments that include issues associated with air, water, soil, food/agriculture, the built environment, and chemicals/products. Advocates for environmental justice, including commitment to the health of vulnerable populations and the eliminator of health disparities (AACN 2008. Baccalaureate | Govt. testimony | ssues/climate/health.php | consumers, families, colleagues and |
| Check the internet to see if your local or state health department has a division of environmental health; describe what it does and what professionals are employed. Conduct a windshield survey of environmental hazards in a community after viewing The National Library of Medicine's ToxTown http://toxtown.nlm.nih.gov/ Complete the Agency for Toxic Check the internet to see if your local or state health department has a division of environmental health; describe what it does and what professionals are employed. Uses scientific evidence and is guided by the precautionary principle. Advocates for healthy environments that include issues associated with air, water, soil, food/agriculture, the built environment, and chemicals/products. Advocates for environmental justice, including commitment to the health of vulnerable populations and the eliminator of health disparities (AACN 2008, Baccalaureate | | policy issue and develop a | Promotes one's right to know about potentially harmful products, |
| Conduct a windshield survey of environmental hazards in a community after viewing The National Library of Medicine's ToxTown http://toxtown.nlm.nih.gov/ Complete the Agency for Toxic Advocates for healthy environments that include issues associated with air, water, soil, food/agriculture, the built environment, and chemicals/products. Advocates for environmental justice, including commitment to the health of vulnerable populations and the eliminator of health disparities (AACN 2008, Baccalaureate | | local or state health department has a division of environmental health; describe what it does and what | hazards to which people may be exposed. Uses scientific evidence and is |
| http://toxtown.nlm.nih.gov/ Complete the Agency for Toxic of vulnerable populations and the eliminator of health disparities (AACN 2008, Baccalaureate | | Conduct a windshield survey of environmental hazards in a community after viewing The National Library of Medicine's <i>ToxTown</i> | that include issues associated with air, water, soil, food/agriculture, the built environment, and chemicals/products. Advocates for environmental justice, |
| Substances and Disease Registry's (ATSDR) on-line module, A primer on health risk communication. (Especially select the section | | Complete the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry's (ATSDR) on-line module, A primer on health risk communication. | of vulnerable populations and the eliminator of health disparities (AACN 2008, Baccalaureate |

| | | http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/HEC/primer.html Read the book or review the film about environmental injustice: book, A Civil Action, (1995) by Harr, J.; film by same title (1998). Then reflect on the injustices and discuss implications for population's health status. Obtain information from Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (2009). Fourth national report on human exposure to environmental chemicals. Atlanta, GA.: Author. Retrieve from http://www.cdc.gov/exposurereport/ | Incorporate environmental health information, including national biomonitoring of human exposure to environmental chemicals, into assessment of communities and populations. |
|---|---|---|--|
| Leadership/ Trends/ Advocacy/Policy | Resources management for budget Occupational hazards | Consider an assignment where the student needs to look at what makes a good work environment | Collaborates with others to create and implement strategies that promote health environments. |
| (senior level) | Regulatory issues Sustainable practices Impact of leader across team of costs | and what makes a good leader: Authentic Leaders Creating, Healthy Work Environments for Nursing Practice, Nursing leaders who have made | Attains knowledge of EH concepts, such as implementation of EH strategies. Promotes a practice environment that |
| | Build on BSN <i>Essentials</i> Risk Reduction Impact of economy on | changes | reduces environmental health risks of workers and healthcare consumers. |
| | environmentally conscious decisions; Environmental scan—inadequate workforce >increased errors; | AACN Journal article Authentic Leaders Creating Healthy Work Environments for Nursing Practice. (available online@no cost) | Applies knowledge of basic EH concepts to nursing assessment, prevention, and control strategies. Assesses the practice environment for |

| Promote sustainable hospital environments; | Nursing leaders who have | factors such as sound, odor, noise and light that negatively affect health. |
|---|--|---|
| Safe hospitals—assess | influenced environmental health, | that negatively affect health. |
| workplace exposures ar ways to reduce and prevent exposures; Regulatory environment | safety. Leader Denise Choiniere http://envirn.org/pg/groups/13/working-the-green-shift/ | Reduces environmental health risks in the health care setting (chemical, biological, radiological [and mechanical]) |
| Team buy in ANA Standards of Practice | Case studies of RNs who have seen problems and worked to change www.luminaryproject.org | Utilizes scientific evidence to determine if a product or treatment is a potential environmental threat. |
| Environmental Activism- Tracing our history | Evaluate organizational policy related to greening of hospitals. | Advocates for the judicious and appropriate use of products used in health care. |
| Pharmaceutical waste issu | Pharmaceutical waste and budget implications http://noharm.org/us_canada/isu_es/pharmaceuticals/#preventing | Communicates environmental risks and exposure reduction strategies to health care consumers, families, colleagues and communities. |
| | | Promotes a healthy environment that respects the diverse values, beliefs, cultures, and circumstances of patients, their families and communities. |

This content would be placed on envirn with all of the supporting documentation.

Viki Chadrue will start writing a blog about this and will help bring nursing faculty to the site/

Thoughts:

- Topical, searchable list on EnviRN of what student's have done.
- Organize by competency and have examples, which are easily transferable to courses.
- Cross reference with Essentials
- How do we identify chemicals and common exposures for faculty to easily access.

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